### GEOGRAPHY (GEOG)

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<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tr>
<td>GEOG 050</td>
<td>Provincial Geography</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>English 030</td>
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<tr>
<td>GEOG 110</td>
<td>People and the Environment</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Interdisciplinary overview of global and local environmental processes and issues.</td>
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<td>GEOG 111</td>
<td>Intro to Human Geography</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Provides an introduction of the various sub-fields of human geography.</td>
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<td>GEOG 112</td>
<td>Environments and Planning</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Provides an introduction to the concepts and practices of community</td>
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<td>GEOG 150</td>
<td>Physical Geog I: Biogeography, Meteorology and Climatology</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>An interesting overview of the physical environment and its relationship to human culture and impacts of human activities. Principal topics covered include: cartography and remote sensing, meteorology, climatology, global environmental problems, and biogeography. Laboratory experience will focus on map skills and methods in meteorology and biogeography. Field trips to examine local features and to collect data are required and may be scheduled on weekends.</td>
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<tr>
<td>GEOG 160</td>
<td>Physical Geography II: Geology, Geomorphology and Soils</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Geography 160 is the second half of an introductory course in physical geography. Subjects covered in this term include landforms, weathering, mass movement, plate tectonics, igneous processes, glaciers, river systems, coastal processes and soils. Laboratories will include rock and mineral identification, plate tectonics, topographical and airphoto interpretation of landforms, hydrological measurement, landslide assessment, and identification of coastal landforms.</td>
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<tr>
<td>GEOG 201</td>
<td>Environmental Climatology</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Environmental climatology is an examination of the boundary layer climate and its impact upon the microclimates of ecosystems throughout the world. Discussion includes both natural systems and modified features and examines the impacts of microclimatic changes initiated by human activities. Laboratories include methodology in measurement of microclimates and field trips to quantify microclimatic differences between ecosystems or associated with human modification of landscapes.</td>
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Information subject to change, please refer to our online catalogue for the most current revision. Printed - 04/29/19
GEOG 202 Geography of Ecosystems
3 Credits
Examination of the environmental factors that control the distribution and development of ecosystems, including climatic and geological change. The course emphasizes plant ecology, the structure and functioning of ecosystems, ecosystem strategies relative to soil and climatic conditions, and includes discussion of the effects of disturbance and management on natural and altered systems throughout the globe. Laboratories include investigations of ecosystem characteristics, biomass structures, soils, and impacts of disturbance. Field trips, including one-day weekend surveys, may be held. (3,3,0)
Prerequisites
- BIOL 101 and BIOL 102 or GEOG 150 and GEOG 160
Transfer Credits
- Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 203 Geomorphology
3 Credits
This course is a comprehensive examination of the natural processes that are active in shaping the face of this and other planets. This course will emphasize the basic principles of geomorphology and will allow students to develop some of the skills that are necessary for field work in the environmental sciences. Local field trips and laboratory assignments are an important part of this course. Geomorphology is of particular relevance to students who intend to major in Geography, Geology, Forestry, Agriculture or Ecology. (3,3,0)
Prerequisites
- GEOG 150 and GEOG 160 or GEOL 157
Transfer Credits
- Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 204 Spatial Analysis and Geographic Information Systems (GIS)
3 Credits
A one-semester course that introduces the theory and practical application of analytical techniques used to study spatial information in geographical and other sciences. The types of spatial data that exist together with methods of collection and analysis of spatial data are examined. Concepts associated with integrating spatial data in Geographic Information Systems (GIS) are presented as well as techniques used in planning and resource management. Laboratories emphasize gaining practical skills in analyzing spatial information including those interested in business, criminology, computer science, geography, geology, biology, ecology, forestry or environmental sciences.
Prerequisites
- GEOG 150 and GEOL 157 or GEOG 160 and CPSC 111 CPSC 141 recommended
Transfer Credits
- Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 207 Hydrology/Soils
3 Credits
Examination in detail of hydrological processes and their relationships to ecosystems structures, soils and watersheds. Lectures, laboratories and field work will emphasize the impacts of natural processes, management and disturbance upon the hydrological balance and the characteristic reactions and properties of specific soil types to disturbance and hydrological changes. Methods of prevention of soil degradation and mass wasting associated with resource extraction are examined in detail in the lectures and laboratories/field work. (3,3,0)
Prerequisites
- GEOG 105 and GEOG 160 or GEOG 157
Transfer Credits
- Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 210 Environments and Society
3 Credits
Prerequisites
- 3 first year credits in Geography or 30 credits in a University Credit program
Transfer Credits
- Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 215 Geography of Food
3 Credits
Food is a necessary component of life and the need to eat is the most basic and important of all human drives. The central place of food in our lives has made food one of the main focal points of human existence. How we grow, process, distribute, and consume our food defines us as a society. The production of food changes landscapes, the distribution brings a variety of cultures into contact with one another, and what foods are consumed are often a cultural identifier.
Prerequisites
- 3 credits from first year Geography (GEOG) or 15 credits from a University Credit program
Transfer Credits
- Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)
GEOG 221 Social Geography (Space & Society)
3 Credits
This course aims to explore the reflexive relationship between society and space. As the social organization of society has spatial consequences so, too, does the spatial organization affect our understanding of the relationships between social groups. These relations are negotiated and contested in different spaces at different times. This course critically examines the ways in which social relations, social identities, and social inequalities are produced, their special variation, and the role of space in constructing them. We will explore the geographic dimensions of various facets of identity (such as gender, ethnicity, "race", class, sexuality and ability) and the theoretical frameworks that geographers use to analyze them.

Prerequisites
- 3 first year Geography (GEOG) credits or 30 credits from a University Credit program

Transfer Credits
Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 222 Economic Geography
3 Credits
Economic Geography investigates the concepts, theories, and principles which determine the spatial arrangement and organization of economic activities and processes. A Global approach is taken, emphasizing the interdependencies of local and regional economies within multi-national settings, including the spatial patterns of economic success and the on-going processes of globalization. This course is set in the context of Northwest British Columbia, and examines the roles that corporations play in resource extraction and local economies. Globalization processes will be contrasted with traditional First Nations economies, and, using regional examples, how communities and First Nations groups relate to and interact with economic processes. This course may include a field study component, which examines local industries as well as traditional economies.

Prerequisites
- 15 first year credits from a University Credit program

Transfer Credits
Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 224 World Regional Geography
3 Credits
A regional geographical exploration of the people, places and landscapes of the world’s realms.

Prerequisites
- 15 credits of University Credit program courses

Transfer Credits
Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)

GEOG 227 Ethnogeography of Northwest BC
3 Credits
This course will examine how the different cultures in northwestern British Columbia provide unique perspectives on the relationship between people and the environments they inhabit. An overriding theme of this course will be the power and idea of Land and Place from both a geographical and cultural perspective. In addition, the course will introduce territorial land claim issues and First Nations rights and title as applied to activities affecting local environments.

Prerequisites
- 15 credits from first or second year University Credit program courses

Transfer Credits
Explore transfer credit opportunities by visiting the BC Transfer Guide (http://www.bctransferguide.ca)